Q1. Marquee is a tag in HTML to

1. Mark the list of items to maintain in queue
2. Mark the text so that it is hidden in browser
3. **Display text with scrolling effect**
4. None of above

Q2. Which of the following HTML code is valid?

1. <h1 id="h1" font colour="red"> Hello World! </h1>
2. **<h1 id="h1" style="color:red"> Hello World! </h1>**
3. <h1 id="h1" font-color="red"> Hello World! </h1>
4. <h1 id="h1" style="font-color="red""> Hello World! </h1>

Q3. When should you use path along with file name of picture in IMG tag?

1. path is optional and not necessary
2. **when the location of image file and html file are different**
3. when image file and html file both are on same location
4. Path is always necessary when inserting image

Q4. What is Cell Padding in HTML?

1. **It specifies the space between the cell content and its border**
2. It specifies the space between the cell content and its heading
3. It specifies the space between the cell content and its formatting
4. It specifies the space between the cell content and its descriptions

Q5. What is the correct HTML for creating a hyperlink?

1. <a name="">A</a>
2. <a>B</a>
3. **<a href="http://www.infowayltd.com">Infoway Technologies</a>**
4. <a url="http://www.infowayltd.com">example</a>

Q6. What is the REFRESH in <meta> tag used for?

1. Refresh your content
2. **Redirect to a new domain**
3. rewrite url
4. None of the above

Q7. What are <div> tags used for?

1. To replace paragraphs. i.e. p tags
2. To logically divide the paragraphs
3. **To logically divide the document**
4. To provide space between tables

Q8. What is cell padding?

1. **Used to separate cell walls from their contents.**
2. Used to set space between cells
3. Both a and b above
4. Used to provide width to a cell

Q9. Which is the correct CSS syntax?

1. **body {color: black}**
2. {body;color:black}
3. {body:color=black(body)}
4. body:color=black

Q10. Which HTML tag is used to define an internal style sheet?

1. **<style>**
2. <css>
3. <script>
4. None of the above

Q11. Which of the following event fires when the form element loses the focus: <button>, <input>, <textarea>?

1. onfocus
2. **onblur**
3. onclick
4. ondblclick

Q12. Examine the following JavaScript code

<script type="text/javascript">

var Person = { "age": 28, "name": "Scott", "designation": "developer" };

console.log(delete Person.name);

</script>

What will be the output?

1. Scott
2. undefined
3. **true**
4. false

Q13. Examine the following JavaScript code

<script type="text/javascript">

x=4+"4";

document.write(x);

</script>

Output------?

1. **44**
2. 8
3. 4
4. Error output

Q14. Examine the following JavaScript code

<script language="javascript">

function x() {

document.write(2+5+"8");

}

</script>

1. 258
2. Error
3. 7
4. **78**

Q15. What is the purpose of the window.location object in JavaScript?

1. **Get the URL and redirect**
2. Get the location of the cursor
3. Get the path to the next page
4. All of the mentioned

Q16. What is the purpose of the method JSON.parse()?

1. Parses a string to integer
2. **Parses a string to JSON**
3. Parses a string from JSON to JSON2
4. None of the mentioned

Q17. Consider the following code snippet

function printArray(a)

{

var len = a.length, i = 0;

if (len == 0)

console.log("Empty Array");

else

{

do

{

console.log(a[i]);

} while (++i < len);

}

}

printArray([1, 2, 3, 4, 5]);

What does the above code result?

1. **Prints the values of the array.**
2. Prints the numbers in the array in the reverse order
3. Prints 0 to the length of the array
4. Prints “Empty Array”

Q18. Consider the following code snippet

for(var p in o)

console.log(o[p]);

The above code is equivalent to which code?

1. **for (var i = 0; i < a.length; i++)**

**console.log(a[i]);**

1. for (int i = 0; i < a.length; i++)

console.log(a[i]);

1. for (var i = 0; i <= a.length; i++)

console.log(a[i]);

1. for (var i = 1;i < a.length;i++)

console.log(a[i]);

Q19. Scan the following code:

<script>

function getAvg(){

var avg = 0;

for(var x = 0; x < 200; x++){

avg += x;

}

return(avg/200);

}

</script>

What is the work of the getAvg function?

1. Multiples values from 0 to 200
2. Adds values from 0 to 200
3. Simply traverses with no operation
4. **Find the average of 199 numbers**

Q20. Consider the following statements

var count = 0;

while (count < 10)

{

console.log(count);

count++;

}

In the above code snippet, what happens?

1. The values of count is logged or stored in a particular location or storage.
2. **The value of count from 0 to 9 is displayed in the console.**
3. An error is displayed
4. An exception is thrown

Q21. What are variables used for in JavaScript Programs?

1. **Storing numbers, dates, or other values**
2. Varying randomly
3. Causing high-school algebra flashbacks
4. None of the above

Q22. Consider the following snippet code

var string1 = ”123”;

var intvalue = 123;

alert(string1 + intvalue);

The result would be

1. 123246
2. 246
3. **123123**
4. Exception

Q23. Consider the following code snippet

const pi=3.14;

var pi=4;

console.log(pi);

What will be the output for the above code snippet?

1. **This will flash an error**
2. Prints 4
3. Prints 3.14
4. Ambiguity

Q24. Examine the following JavaScript code.

<script type="text/javascript" language="javascript">

var qpt = "Infoway Technologies";

var result = qpt.split(" ");

document.write(result);

</script>

1. Infoway
2. I,n,f,o,w,a,y,T,e,c,h,n,o,l,o,g,i,e,s
3. **Infoway,Technologies**
4. InfowayTechnologies

Q25. Examine the following JavaScript code.

<script type="text/javascript" language="javascript">

qpt = ((45%2)==0)? "hello" : "bye";

document.write(qpt);

</script>

1. hello
2. **bye**
3. Error in string handling
4. None of the above

Q26. Examine the following JavaScript code.

<script type="text/javascript">

var name1 = "JavaScript MCQs";

function DisplayName () {

var name2 = " Online";

document.write(name1+name2);

}

</script>

1. JavaScript MCQsOnline
2. **JavaScript** MCQs **Online**
3. Object required error
4. Javascript Error

Q27. What does the following expression return?

1 + 5 + " bottles of milk";

1. "15 bottles of milk"
2. **"6 bottles of milk"**
3. undefined. An exception is thrown
4. "5 bottles of milk"

Q28. Which of the following asserts that the variables `A`, `B`, and `C` have unequal values?

1. A !== B || B !== C
2. A !== B & B !== C
3. **A !== B && B !== C && A !== C**
4. A !== B

Q29. Which of these will throw a Syntax Error?

1. if (x == 1) { }
2. if (x = 1) { }
3. **if (x ==== 1) { }**
4. if (x === 1) { }

Q30. Examine the following set of statements. What will be the output?

var x = new String();

console.log(typeof (x));

1. String
2. string
3. **object**
4. undefined

Q31. Examine the following set of statements. What will be the output?

var x = new Number();

console.log(typeof (x));

1. Number
2. number
3. Integer
4. **object**

Q32. Examine the following set of statements. What will be the output?

var x = new Boolean();

console.log(typeof (x));

1. true
2. Bool
3. Boolean
4. **object**

Q33. Examine the following set of statements. What will be the output?

var x = new Date();

console.log(typeof (x));

1. Date
2. date
3. **object**
4. datetime

Q34. Examine the following set of statements. What will be the output?

var years = [1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000, 2010];

console.log(typeof(years));

1. Number
2. Integer
3. Year
4. **object**

Q35. Analyse the following code, what will be the below myFun function log to console?

function myFun() {

console.log(a);

var a = 'hello';

console.log(a);

}

myFun();

1. ReferenceError: a is not defined
2. ReferenceError: a is not defined, "hello"
3. "", "hello"
4. **undefined, "hello"**

Q36. Analyse the following code, what will be the below myFun function log to console?

function myFun() {

console.log(a);

var a;

a = 'hello';

console.log(a);

}

myFun();

1. ReferenceError: a is not defined
2. ReferenceError: a is not defined, "hello"
3. "", "hello"
4. **undefined, "hello"**

Q37. Analyse the following code, what will be the below myFun function log to console?

function myFun() {

a = 'hello';

console.log(typeof(a));

var a;

}

myFun();

1. **string**
2. object
3. undefined
4. NULL

Q38. Analyse the following code, what will be the below myFun function log to console?

function myFun() {

console.log(typeof(a));

var a;

a = 'hello';

}

myFun();

1. string
2. object
3. **undefined**
4. NULL

Q39. Examine the following set of statements. What will be the output?

var f1 = function () {

this.a = 10;

}

console.log(typeof(f1));

1. **function**
2. object
3. string
4. undefined

Q40. Examine the following JavaScript code.

var arr1 = ["a", "b", "c"];

var arr2 = [1,2,3];

var arr3 = arr1.concat(arr2);

var arr4 = arr3.concat([2017, 2018]);

console.log(arr4);

What will the output that displays on console?

1. ["a" "b" "c"]
2. ["a" "b" "c" 1 2 3]
3. **["a", "b", "c", 1, 2, 3, 2017, 2018]**
4. Error

Q41. Examine the following JavaScript code?

var arr1 = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7];

console.log(arr1.filter(function (v, i) {

return v > 2 && v < 5;

}));

What will be the output?

1. **[3, 4]**
2. [3, 4, 5]
3. [2, 3, 4]
4. The code has an error.

Q42. What this statement console.log(isNaN('a')) will return.

1. NULL
2. **true**
3. false
4. None of the above;

Q43. What this statement console.log(isNaN(1)) will return.

1. NULL
2. true
3. **false**
4. None of the above;

Q44. With jQuery, look at the following selector: $("div.intro"). What does it select?

1. The first div element with class="intro"
2. The first div element with id="intro"
3. **All div elements with class="intro"**
4. All div elements with id="intro"

Q45. $.foo() is equivalent to..

1. javascript.foo()
2. document.foo()
3. **jQuery.foo()**
4. None of the above

Q46. $(“div#id1 .Class1). What does it select?

1. The first element with id= "Class1" inside any div element with class="id1"
2. **All elements with class=** **"Class1" inside the first div element with id=**"**id1**"
3. All div elements with id="id1" or class= "Class1"
4. None of the Above

Q47. Which built-in method in jQuery is used to return the characters in a string beginning at the specified location?

1. **$("#p1").toString().substr()**
2. $("#p1").toString().getSubstring()
3. $("#p1").toString().slice()
4. None of the above.

Q48. Which built-in method of jQuery is used to return the index within the calling String object of the first occurrence of the specified value?

1. getIndex()
2. location()
3. **indexOf()**
4. None of the above.

Q49. Which built-in method of jQuery is used to return the calling string value converted to upper case?

1. **toUpperCase()**
2. toUpper()
3. changeCase(case)
4. None of the above

Q50. What will be the output of the following php code?

<?php

$num = 1;

$num1 = 2;

print $num . "+". $num1;

?>

1. 3
2. **1+2**
3. 1.+.2
4. Error

Q51. . What will be the output of the following php code?

<?php

$num = "1";

$num1 = "2";

print $num+$num1;

?>

1. **3**
2. 1+2
3. Error
4. 12

Q52. What will be the output of the following code?

<?php

$f = 'Smith';

$b = &$f;

$b = "My name is $b";

echo $b;

echo $f;

?>

1. Error
2. My name is SmithSmith
3. **My name is SmithMy name is Smith**
4. My name is Smith Smith

Q53. What will be the output of the following PHP code?

<?php

$c = "Infoway Technologies Pvt. LTD";

$var = $c[4];

echo "$var";

?>

1. a
2. Error
3. $var
4. **w**

Q54. Which of the below statements is equivalent to $add += $add?

1. $add = $add
2. **$add = $add +$add**
3. $add = $add + 1
4. $add = $add + $add + 1

Q55. $("span"). What does it select?

1. **All span elements**
2. The first span element
3. The alternate span elements
4. None of the above.

Q56. $("span.intro"). What does it select?

1. The first span element with class="intro"
2. The first span element with id="intro"
3. All span elements with id="intro"
4. **All span elements with class="intro"**

Q57. One of your clients has asked for a new form to be added to their HTML5 friendly website. This form accepts several pieces of information including first name, surname and phone number. You want to ensure that the user enters information into each of the fields before the form is submitted. Which attribute should you use?

1. **required**
2. compulsory
3. enforced
4. optional

Q58. You need to create an HTML table to display summary information for an online checkout page. This table will display all the products that the visitor has added to their basket, in addition to a total price for all the items. Which of the following HTML tags is not a valid child item for the table element?

1. **tf**
2. tr
3. th
4. td

Q59. Examine the following PHP code.

What will be the output of the following PHP code?

<?php

$a = "clue";

$a .= "get";

echo "$a";

?>

1. get
2. true
3. false
4. **clueget**

Q60. What will be the output of the following PHP code?

<?php

$a = 5;

$b = 5;

echo ($a === $b);

?>

1. 5 === 5
2. Error
3. **1**
4. False

Q61. What will be the output of the following PHP code?

<?php

$num = 10;

echo 'What is her age? \n She is $num years old';

?>

1. **What is her age? \n She is $num years old**
2. What is her age? She is $num years old
3. What is her age? She is 10 years old
4. None of the above.

Q62. What will be the output of the following PHP code?

<?php

$num = 10;

echo "What is her age? \n She is $num years old";

?>

1. What is her age? \n She is $num years old
2. What is her age? She is $num years old
3. **What is her age? She is 10 years old**
4. None of the above.

Q63. What is the value of $a and $b after the function call?

<?php

function doSomething( &$arg ) {

$return = $arg;

$arg += 1;

return $return;

}

$a = 3;

$b = doSomething( $a );

?>

1. a is 3 and b is 4.
2. **a is 4 and b is 3.**
3. Both are 3.
4. Both are 4.

Q64. What value is returned after the function call?

<?php

function setHeight($minheight = 50) {

echo "The height is : $minheight <br>";

}

setHeight();

?>

1. 0
2. **50**
3. null
4. Error

Q65. Which one of the following is the right way of defining a function in PHP?

1. function { function body }
2. data type functionName(parameters) { function body }
3. functionName(parameters) { function body }
4. **function fumctionName(parameters) { function body }**

Q66. What will happen in this function call?

<?php

function calc($price, $tax)

{

$total = $price + $tax;

}

$pricetag = 15;

$taxtag = 3;

calc($pricetag, $taxtag);

?>

1. **Call By Value**
2. Call By Reference
3. Default Argument Value
4. Type Hinting

Q67. What will be the output of the following code? If say date is 22/06/2013.

<?php

echo "Today is ".date("F d, Y")

?>

1. Today is 17 July, 2017
2. Today is 17-07-2017
3. Today is 07-17-2017
4. **Today is July 17, 2017**

Q68. Examine the following PHP code.

<?php

$state = array ("Karnataka", "Goa", "Tamil Nadu", "Andhra Pradesh", "Gujarat");

echo (array\_search ("Gujarat", $state));

?>

What will the output?

1. **4**
2. 5
3. Gujarat
4. null

Q69. The use of a DTD in XML development is:

1. **required when validating XML documents**
2. no longer necessary after the XML editor has been customized
3. used to direct conversion using an XSLT processor
4. a good guide to populating a templates to be filled in when generating an XML document automatically

Q70. Examine the following PHP code.

<?php

function myTest() {

$a; $b;

$a='apple';

$b='banana';

}

myTest();

echo $a . $b;

?>

What will be the output?

1. apple
2. applebanana
3. apple banana
4. **Error: Undefined variable: a and b.**

Q71. Examine the following PHP code.

<?php

function myTest() {

static $x = 0;

echo $x;

$x++;

}

myTest();

myTest();

myTest();

?>

What will be the output?

1. 000
2. **012**
3. 123
4. 234

Q72. Examine the following PHP code.

<?php

function myTest() {

$x = 0;

echo $x;

$x++;

}

myTest();

myTest();

myTest();

?>

What will be the output?

1. **000**
2. 012
3. 123
4. 234

Q73. Examine the following PHP code.

<?php

function myTest() {

$GLOBALS['$x1'] = "Infoway, PUNE";

}

myTest();

echo $GLOBALS['$x1'];

?>

What will be the output?

1. **Infoway, PUNE.**
2. Undefined variable $x error.
3. Error: echo $GLOBALS['$x1']; statement must be in the function.
4. Error: invalid $GLOBALS keyword.

Q74. Examine the following PGP code.

<?php

define("GREETING", "Welcome to Infoway", true);

echo greeting;

?>

What error this program has?

1. invalid syntax on define.
2. $ sign must be given before GREETING in define
3. **greeting must be given in upper case in echo.**
4. There is no error.

Q75. Examine the following HTML-Bootstrap code.

<div class="container">

<div class="alert alert-success alert-dismissable">

<a href="#" class="close" aria-label="close">&times; </a>

<strong> Success! </strong> Indicates a successful or positive action.

</div>

</div>

Which of the following attribute you will add, so than the alert box gets closed?

1. data-dismiss="div"
2. **data-dismiss="alert"**
3. data-dismiss="alert-box"
4. Either B or C

Q76. For Frames in HTML, how do you specify the rest of the screen?

1. Using &
2. Using $
3. **Using \***
4. Using #

Q77. Which of the following are capable of Java Script functions?

1. Returning multiple values
2. Accepting parameters and returning values
3. **Accepting parameters**
4. All of the above

Q78. Which of the following is the correct way for writing Java Script array?

1. var salaries = new Array( 1:39438, 2:39839 3:83729)
2. var salaries = new (Array:1=39438, Array:2=39839, Array:3=83729)
3. **var salaries = new Array(39438,39839,83729)**
4. var salaries = new Array() values=39438,39839,83729

Q79. Which of the following method is used to evaluate a string of Java Script code in the context of the specified object?

1. **Eval**
2. ParseDoule
3. ParseObject
4. Efloat

Q80. Which of the following is used to capture all click events in a window?

1. **window.captureEvents(Event.CLICK);**
2. window.routeEvents(Event.CLICK );
3. window.handleEvents (Event.CLICK);
4. window.raiseEvents(Event.CLICK );

Q81. Which of the following is not a valid JavaScript variable name?

1. var JavaScript = 1;
2. var \_JavaScript = 27;
3. **var "JavaScript" = 32;**
4. var NaN = 42;

Q82. What is the type of array of following statement?

$age = array("Peter"=>"35", "Ben"=>"37", "Joe"=>"43");

1. Simple Array
2. Index Array
3. Associate Arrays
4. **Associative Arrays**

Q83. Which of the following option are called as associative array in PHP?

1. $age = array("Peter":"35");
2. **$age['Peter'] = "35";**
3. $age => Peter" : "35"
4. $age = [Peter" : "35"]

Q84. Which of the following option is used to create a function in PHP having default parameter value?

1. **function f1($x, $y, $z = 3) { }**
2. function f1($x, $y, $z := 3) { }
3. function f1($x, $y, $z default 3) { }
4. function f1($x, $y, $z => 3) { }

Q85. Consider the following lines in JavaScript code.

"use strict";

function myFunction (p1, p1) {};

What will be the result after executing the script?

1. **This will cause an error.**
2. This will print null.
3. This will print undefined.
4. This will print NaN.

Q86. Which of the following JavaScript code will you write to display the output "Value of x and y are same" on console window?

1. **x = 1001;**

**y = "1001";**

**console.log(x == y? "Value of x and y are same": "Value of x and y are not same");**

1. x = 1001;

y = "1001";

console.log(x === y? "Value of x and y are same": "Value of x and y are not same");

1. x = 1001;

y = "1001";

console.log(x = y? "Value of x and y are same": "Value of x and y are not same");

1. x = 1001;

y = "1001";

console.log(x eq y? "Value of x and y are same": "Value of x and y are not same");

Q87. Which of the following options is used to create a class in JavaScript?

1. class firstPerson {

constructor (firstName, lastName) {

this.myFirstName = firstName;

this.myLastName = lastName;

}

};

var firstperson = new firstPerson("Saleel", "Bagde");

console.log (firstperson.myFirstName + " " + firstperson.myLastName);

1. var secondPerson = class {

constructor (firstName, lastName) {

this.myFirstName = firstName;

this.myLastName = lastName;

}

};

var secondperson = new secondPerson("Vrushali", "Bagde");

console.log (secondperson.myFirstName + " " + secondperson.myLastName);

1. var thirdPerson = class thirdPerson {

constructor (firstName, lastName) {

this.myFirstName = firstName;

this.myLastName = lastName;

}

};

var thirdperson = new thirdPerson("Sharmin", "Bagde");

console.log (thirdperson.myFirstName + " " + thirdperson.);

1. **All of the above.**

Q88. Which of the following jQuery code you will use, to display all HTML tags on a click of the button.

1. $(function () {

$(":button").on ("click", function () {

$("\*").each (function () {

console.log (this.tagName);

});

});

});

1. $(function () {

$(":button").click (function () {

$("\*").each (function () {

console.log (this.tagName);

});

});

});

1. **Either A or B**
2. None of the above;

Q89. Which is the code that gets all div elements in a document?

1. var divs = $(div);
2. var divs = jQue("div");
3. **var divs = $("div");**
4. var divs = #("div");

Q90. A generic iterator function, which can be used to seamlessly iterate over?

1. Object
2. Array
3. Properties
4. **Both A and B**

Q91. Which of the following is true about jQuery text() method?

1. **Sets or returns the text content of selected elements**
2. Sets or returns the value of form fields
3. Sets or returns the value of script
4. All of the above

Q92. In a DTD, XML elements are declared with the following syntax:

1. <!ELEMENT element-name category>
2. <!ELEMENT element-name (element-content)>
3. **Both A or B options**
4. None of the above.

Q93. What sort of data type does the document variable store?

1. **object**
2. number
3. string
4. boolean

Q94. Examine the following TypeScript code.

function f1(x: number = 1) : number {

return(x);

};

console.log ( f1() );

Which of the following Javascript code can be used to replace the above code?

1. **function f1(x) {**

**if (x === void 0) { x = 1; }**

**return (x);**

**};**

**console.log ( f1() );**

1. function f1(x) return number {

if (x === void 0) { x = 1; }

return (x);

};

console.log ( f1() );

1. function f1(x) {

if (x === undefined) { x = 1; }

return (x);

};

console.log ( f1() );

1. None of the above.

Q95. In Typescript void 0 means?

1. **Undefined**
2. Null
3. isNull
4. isEmpty

Q96. What will be output of the following code?

console.log( null === undefined );

1. **false**
2. true
3. null
4. undefined

Q97. What will be output of the following code?

console.log( null == undefined );

1. false
2. **true**
3. null
4. undefined

Q98. In < comparisons operator, the null value is converted into \_\_\_\_\_.

1. **0**
2. 1
3. false
4. true

Q99. In <= comparisons operator, the null value is converted into \_\_\_\_\_.

1. **0**
2. 1
3. false
4. true

Q100. In > comparisons operator, the null value is converted into \_\_\_\_\_.

1. **0**
2. 1
3. false
4. true

Q101. In >= comparisons operator, the null value is converted into \_\_\_\_\_.

1. **0**
2. 1
3. false
4. true

Q102. In < comparisons operator, the undefined value is converted into \_\_\_\_\_.

1. 0
2. 1
3. **NaN**
4. None of the above.

Q103. In <= comparisons operator, the undefined value is converted into \_\_\_\_\_.

1. 0
2. 1
3. **NaN**
4. None of the mentioned.

Q104. In > comparisons operator, the undefined value is converted into \_\_\_\_\_.

1. 0
2. 1
3. **NaN**
4. None of the mentioned.

Q105. In >= comparisons operator, the undefined value is converted into \_\_\_\_\_.

1. 0
2. 1
3. **NaN**
4. None of these above.

Q106. What will be output of the following code?

console.log( null > 0 );

1. **false**
2. true
3. null
4. undefined

Q107. What will be output of the following code?

console.log( null == 0 );

1. **false**
2. true
3. null
4. undefined

Q108. What will be output of the following code?

console.log( null >= 0 );

1. false
2. **true**
3. null
4. undefined

Q109. What will be output of the following code?

console.log( undefined > 0 );

1. **false**
2. true
3. null
4. undefined

Q110. What will be output of the following code?

console.log( undefined < 0 );

1. **false**
2. true
3. null
4. undefined

Q111. What will be output of the following code?

console.log( undefined == 0 );

1. **false**
2. true
3. null
4. undefined

Q112. What will be output of the following code?

console.log( "apple" > "pineapple" );

1. **false**
2. true
3. null
4. undefined

Q113. What will be output of the following code?

console.log( "2" > "12" );

1. false
2. **true**
3. null
4. undefined

Q114. What will be output of the following code?

console.log( undefined == null );

1. false
2. **true**
3. null
4. undefined

Q115. What will be output of the following code?

console.log( undefined === null );

1. **false**
2. true
3. null
4. undefined

Q116. What will be output of the following code?

console.log ( 2 >= null );

1. false
2. **true**
3. null
4. undefined

Q117. Analyse the following statement.

[].length;

What will be output?

1. NaN
2. Object
3. Null
4. **None of the above.**

Q118. Analyse the following statement.

[].length;

What will be output?

1. **0**
2. 1
3. Null
4. Empty

Q119. Analyse the following javascript code.

function fn(id, firstName, lastName) {

return {

id : id,

firstName: firstName,

lastName : lastName

};

}

console.log(fn(1001, 'Saleel', "Bagde"));

What will be the output?

1. null
2. undefined
3. id: 1001, firstName: 'Saleel', lastName: 'Bagde'
4. **{ id: 1001, firstName: 'Saleel', lastName: 'Bagde' }**

Q120. Analyse the following javascript code.

function fn(id, firstName, lastName) {

return {

id + ' ' + firstName + ' ' + lastName

};

}

console.log(fn(1001, 'Saleel', "Bagde"));

What will be the output?

1. null
2. undefined
3. **Error**
4. 1001 Saleel Bagde

Q121. Analyse the following javascript code.

function fn(firstName, lastName) {

return

(

firstName + " " + lastName

)

}

console.log(fn('Saleel', 'Bagde'));

What will be the output?

1. null
2. **undefined**
3. Error
4. 1001 Saleel Bagde

Q122. Analyse the following javascript code.

function fn(x) {

console.log (++x); }

fn(1);

What will be the output?

1. 0
2. 1
3. **2**
4. NaN

Q123. Analyse the following javascript code.

function fn(x) {

console.log (x++);

}

fn(1);

What will be the output?

1. 0
2. **1**
3. 2
4. NaN

Q124. Analyse the following javascript code.

function fn(x) {

var y = 0;

y = ++x;

console.log (x);

}

fn(1);

What will be the output?

1. 0
2. 1
3. **2**
4. NaN

Q125. Analyse the following javascript code.

function fn(x) {

var y = 0;

y = ++x;

console.log ("The value of y is: " + y);

}

call fn(1);

What will be the output?

1. 0
2. 1
3. 2
4. **error**

Q126. Analyse the following javascript code.

function fn(x) {

var y = 0;

y = ++x;

console.log ("The value of y is: " + y);

}

fn(1);

What will be the output?

1. 0
2. 1
3. **2**
4. error

Q127. Analyse the following javascript code.

function fn(x) {

var y = 10;

y = ++x;

console.log ("The value of y is: " + y);

}

fn(1);

What will be the output?

1. 0
2. 1
3. **2**
4. error

Q128. Analyse the following javascript code.

function fn(x) {

var y = 10;

y += ++x;

console.log ("The value of y is: " + y);

}

fn(1);

What will be the output?

1. 10
2. 11
3. **12**
4. error

Q129. Analyse the following javascript code.

function fn(x) {

var y = 10;

y = x++;

console.log ("The value of y is: " + y);

}

fn(1);

What will be the output?

1. 0
2. **1**
3. undefined
4. NaN

Q130. Analyse the following javascript code.

function fn(x) {

var y = 10;

y = ++x;

console.log ("The value of y is: " + y);

}

fn(1);

What will be the output?

1. 0
2. 1
3. **2**
4. NaN

Q131. Analyse the following javascript code.

function fn(x) {

var y = 10;

y += x++;

console.log ("The value of y is: " + y);

}

fn(1);

What will be the output?

1. 10
2. **11**
3. 12
4. NaN

Q132. Analyse the following javascript code.

var x;

x++;

console.log(x);

What will be the output?

1. 0
2. 1
3. **NaN**
4. undefined

Q133. Analyse the following javascript code.

var x = 1;

if (x === 1) {

var x = 2;

console.log(x);

}

console.log(x);

What will be the output?

1. 0 0
2. 1 1
3. **2 2**
4. 1 2

Q134. Analyse the following javascript code.

function x() {

y = 1;

var z = 2;

}

x();

console.log(z);

What will be the output?

1. 0
2. 1
3. NaN
4. **Error**

Q135. Analyse the following javascript code.

cnt = 2;

var cnt;

console.log(cnt);

What will be the output?

1. 0
2. 1
3. **2**
4. undefined

Q136. Analyse the following javascript code.

function doSomeThing() {

console.log(a);

var a = 111;

}

doSomeThing();

What will be the output?

1. 111
2. null
3. NaN
4. **undefined**

Q137. Analyse the following javascript code.

function doSomeThing() {

var a = 111;

console.log(a++);

}

doSomeThing();

What will be the output?

1. **111**
2. null
3. 112
4. undefined

Q138. Analyse the following javascript code.

function doSomeThing() {

var a = 111;

console.log(++a);

}

doSomeThing();

What will be the output?

1. 111
2. null
3. **112**
4. undefined

Q139. Analyse the following javascript code.

function do\_something() {

var a;

console.log(a);

a = 111;

}

doSomeThing();

What will be the output?

1. 111
2. null
3. NaN
4. **undefined**

Q140. Analyse the following javascript code.

var a, b = a = 'word';

console.log(a, b);

What will be the output?

1. null null
2. **word word**
3. null word
4. word null

Q141. Analyse the following javascript code.

var a, b = 'y', b = a = 'x';

console.log(a, b);

What will be the output?

1. **x x**
2. x y
3. y x
4. None of the above

Q142. Analyse the following javascript code.

var a, b = a = 'x', b = 'y';

console.log(a, b);

What will be the output?

1. x x
2. **x y**
3. y x
4. None of the above

Q143. Analyse the following javascript code.

var a=b, b='x';

console.log(a);

What will be the output?

1. null
2. x
3. **undefined**
4. None of the above.

Q144. Analyse the following javascript code.

var b='x', a = b;

console.log(a);

What will be the output?

1. null
2. **x**
3. undefined
4. None of the above.

Q145.

Q146.

Q147.

Q148.

Q149.

Q150.

Q151.

Q152.

Q153.

Q154.

Q155.

Q156.

Q157.

Q158.

Q159.

Q160.